MUIR BEACH COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT MUIR BEACH, CALIFORNIA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-7
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	8
Statement of Activities	9
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet with the Governmental Activities Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Net Change in Fund Balances Total Governmental Funds with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	13
Statement of Net Position – Business-type Activities	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Business-type Activities	15
Statement of Cash Flows – Business-type Activities	16
Notes to Financial Statements	17-24
Required Supplemental Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	25

R. J. RICCIARDI, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Muir Beach Community Services District Muir Beach, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Muir Beach Community Services District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Muir Beach Community Services District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to Muir Beach Community Services District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Muir Beach Community Services District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

<u>Opinions</u>

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Muir Beach Community Services District, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Directors Muir Beach Community Services District – Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3-7 and page 25, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc.

R.J. Ricciardi, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

San Rafael, California

January 17, 2017, except with respect to Note 8 for which the date is December 14, 2018.

June 30, 2009

This section of Muir Beach Community Services District's (the District's) basic financial statements presents management's overview and analysis of the financial activities of the organization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage the reader to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements as a whole.

Introduction to the Basic Financial Statements

The required financial statements include the Combined Government-wide and Fund Financial statements; Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet; Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance; and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund.

These statements are supported by notes to the financial statements. All sections must be considered together to obtain a complete understanding of the financial picture of the District.

The Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements comprise the Combined Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the District's financial activities and financial position.

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a longer-term view of the District's activities as a whole, and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the District as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all of the District's revenues and all of its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of the District's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the District's activities are grouped into Government Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below.

The Fund Financial Statements report the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide Financial Statements and focus primarily on the short-term activities of the District's Major Funds. The Fund Financial Statements measure only current revenues and expenditures and fund balances; they exclude capital assets, long-term debt and other long-term amounts.

Major Funds account for the major financial activities of the District and are presented individually. Major Funds are explained below.

The Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the District as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the following:

Governmental Activities

The District's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. These services are supported by specific program revenues, state and federal grants, and general revenues from taxes and use of money.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> – The District's enterprise water activities are reported in this area. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the District's most significant funds, called Major Funds. The concept of Major Funds, and the determination of which are Major Funds, was established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them in total. Instead, each Major Fund is presented individually, with all Non-major Funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Major Funds present the major activities of the District for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the District's activities.

In the District's case, there are two Major Funds – the General Fund and the Water Fund.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which means they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and other long-lived assets, along with long-term liabilities, are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements are prepared on the full accrual basis, as in the past, and include all of their assets and liabilities, current and long-term.

Comparisons of Budget and Actual financial information are presented for the General Fund.

Analyses of Major Funds

Governmental Funds:

General Fund revenue decreased \$(72,401) this fiscal year, due primarily to the FEMA funding decreases.

Expenditures were \$246,145, a decrease of \$45,298 from the prior year.

Governmental Activities

Table 1 Governmental Net Position

	Governmental Activities					
		2009		2008		
Current and other assets	\$	\$ 504,107		520,350		
Capital assets		289,427		168,800		
Total assets		793,534	-	689,150		
Current liabilities		13,656		84,703		
Total liabilities		13,656		84,703		
Net position:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		289,427		168,800		
Unrestricted		490,451		435,647		
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	779,878	\$	604,447		

The District's governmental net position amounted to \$779,878 as of June 30, 2009, an increase of \$175,431 from 2008. This increase is the Change in Net Position and the prior period adjustment reflected in the Governmental Activities column of the Statement of Activities shown in Table 2.

The District's total net position as of June 30, 2009 comprised the following:

- Cash and investments of \$1,030,051. Accounts receivable of \$4,723.
- Capital assets of \$522,232, net of depreciation charges, which includes all the District's capital assets used in governmental and business-type activities.
- Accounts payable and other current liabilities of \$27,505.
- Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$522,232, representing the District's investment in capital assets used in Governmental Activities, net of amounts borrowed to finance that investment.
- Net position restricted for capital improvements \$524,136.
- Unrestricted net position is the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants or other legal requirements or restrictions. The District had \$483,133 of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2009.

The Statement of Activities presents program revenues and expenses and general revenues in detail. All of these are elements in the Changes in Governmental Net Position summarized below.

Table 2
Changes in Governmental Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2009	2008			
Expenses					
General government	\$ 60,894	\$ 69,369			
Recreation	2,490	40,726			
FEMA	62,135	190,221			
Total expenses	125,519	300,316			
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Grants and contributions	174,144	249,488			
Charges for services	17,129	18,710			
Total program revenues	191,273	268,198			
General revenues:					
Property taxes	166,119	144,435			
Interest income	14,391	31,551			
Total general revenues	180,510	175,986			
Total revenue	371,783	444,184			
Change in net position	<u>\$ 246,264</u>	\$ 143,868			

As Table 2 above shows, \$191,273, or 51% of the District's fiscal year 2009 governmental revenue, came from program revenues and \$180,510, or 49%, came from general revenues such as taxes and interest.

General revenues are not allocable to programs. General revenues are used to pay for the net cost of governmental programs.

Business-type Activities

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities present a summary of the City's Business-type Activities that are composed of the City's enterprise funds.

Table 3
Business-type Net Position at June 30

	Bus	Business-type 2008		
Current assets Capital assets Total assets	\$	551,670 232,805 784,475	\$ 	522,616 233,923 756,539
Current liabilities Total liabilities		34,852 34,852		43,253 43,253
Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital improvements Unrestricted Total net position	<u>\$</u>	232,805 524,136 (7,318) 749,623	\$	233,923 476,100 3,263 713,286

The net position of business-type activities increased by \$36,337 in fiscal year 2009.

Table 4
Changes in Business-Type Net Position

	Business-Type Activities 2009	Business-Type Activities 2008		
Expenses Water Total expenses	\$ 176,507 176,507	\$ 132,719 132,719		
Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Total program revenues	142,010 142,010	157,755 157,755		
Change in net position	\$ (34,497)	\$ 25,036		

Capital Assets

GASB Statement No. 34 requires the District to record all its capital assets, which were not recorded in prior years. At the end of fiscal year 2009, the cost of infrastructure and other capital assets recorded in the District's financial statements was as shown in Table 5 below:

Table 5
Capital Assets at Year-End

- 1	J	Balance at June 30, 2009	
Governmental Activities			
Land (not depreciated)	\$	74,673	
Buildings		401,462	
Equipment		139,072	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(325,780)	
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	289,427	
Business-type Activities			
Equipment	\$	607,935	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(375,130)	
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	232,805	

Detail on capital assets, current year additions and current year disposals can be found in Note 4.

Economic Outlook and Major Initiatives

Financial planning is based on specific assumptions from recent trends, State of California economic forecasts and historical growth patterns in the various communities served by the District.

The economic condition of the District as it appears on the balance sheet reflects financial stability. The District will continue to maintain a watchful eye over expenditures and remains committed to sound fiscal management practices to deliver the highest quality service to the citizens of the area.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This comprehensive Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. Questions about this Report should be directed to Muir Beach Community Services District, 19 Seacape Drive, Muir Beach, CA 94965.

Muir Beach Community Services District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2009

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total		
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and investments	\$ 482,401	\$	547,650	\$	1,030,051
Account receivable	703		4,020		4,723
Internal balances	21,003		(21,003)		-
Non-depreciable capital assets	74,673		-		74,673
Depreciable capital assets, net	 214,754		232,805		447,559
Total assets	 793,534		763,472		1,557,006
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable	 13,656		13,849		27,505
Total liabilities	 13,656		13,849		27,505
NET POSITION					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	289,427		232,805		522,232
Restricted for capital improvements	-		524,136		524,136
Unrestricted net position	 490,451		(7,318)		483,133
Total net position	\$ 779,878	\$	749,623	\$	1,529,501

Muir Beach Community Services District <u>STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Program	Reve	enues	Rev Ch	(Expense) renue and langes in t Position			
			Cha	arges for		Capital Grants &	Gov	ernmental	Bus	iness-Tv p e	
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		bervices	Cor	ntributions		ctivities		activities	 Total
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	60,894	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(60,894)	\$	-	\$ (60,894)
Recreation		2,490		17,129		-		14,639			14,639
FEMA		62,135				174,144		112,009			 112,009
Total governmental activities:		125,519		17,129		174,144		65,754			 65,754
Business-type activities - Water		176,507		142,010		-		_		(34,497)	(34,497)
Total	\$	302,026	\$	159,139	\$	174,144		65,754		(34,497)	31,257
General revenues:											
Taxes:											
Property taxes								166,119		-	166,119
Interest income								14,391			 14,391
Total general revenues								180,510		_	 180,510
Change in net position								246,264		(34,497)	 211,767
Net position - beginning of period								604,448		713,286	1,317,734
Prior period adjustment								(70,834)		70,834	
Net position - beginning of period re	statec	l						533,614		784,120	1,317,734
Net position - end of period							\$	779,878	\$	749,623	\$ 1,529,501

$\begin{array}{c} \text{Muir Beach Community Services District} \\ \underline{BALANCE\ SHEET} \end{array}$

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2009

	General
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 482,401
Account receivable	703
Due from other fund	21,003
Total assets	\$ 504,107
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	
Liabilities:	12.757
Accounts payable	<u>13,656</u>
Total liabilities	13,656
Fund equity:	
Fund balance	
Unassigned	490,451
Total fund balances	490,451
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 504,107

Muir Beach Community Services District RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET WITH THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2009

Total Governmental Funds fund balances	\$ 490,451
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:	
<u>Capital Assets</u> Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental	
Funds.	 289,427
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 779,878

Muir Beach Community Services District STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General	
Revenue:		
Property taxes	\$	166,119
Intergovernmental		174,144
Interest income		14,391
Charges for service - recreation		17,129
Total revenue		371,783
Expenditures:		
General government		52,021
Recreation		2,490
FEMA		191,634
Total expenditures		246,145
Excess (deficiency) of revenue		
over (under) expenditures		125,638
Fund balance, beginning of period		435,647
Prior period adjustment		(70,834)
Fund balance, beginning of period restated		364,813
Fund balance, end of period	\$	490,451

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Muir Beach Community Services District

RECONCILIATION OF THE NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

WITH THE CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 125,638
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance	 129,499 (8,873)

246,264

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Muir Beach Community Services District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2009

	Business-type Activities		
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and investments	\$	547,650	
Account receivable		4,020	
Depreciable capital assets, net		232,805	
Total assets		784,475	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts payable		13,849	
Due to other funds		21,003	
Total liabilities		34,852	
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		232,805	
Restricted for capital improvements		524,136	
Unrestricted net position		(7,318)	
Total net position	\$	749,623	

Muir Beach Community Services District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Operating revenues:	
Water sales	\$ 142,010
Total operating revenues	142,010
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and benefits	92,294
Utilities	10,977
Treatment and testing	56,738
Depreciation	<u>16,498</u>
Total operating expenses	176,507
Operating income (loss)	(34,497)
Net position, beginning of period	713,286
Prior period adjustment	70,834
Fund balance, beginning of period restated	<u>784,120</u>
Net position, end of period	\$ 749,623

Muir Beach Community Services District STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	147,055
Payments to suppliers	"	(97,576)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		49,479
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(15,380)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(15,380)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest earned		_
Net cash provided by investing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		34,099
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period		513,551
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	\$	547,650
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided (used in) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	(34,497)
Prior period adjustment		70,834
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		16,498
Changes in certain assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable		5,045
Accounts payable		(2,051)
Due to other funds		(6,350)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	49,479

NOTE 1 - GENERAL

Muir Beach Community Services District (the District) is a separate governmental entity established in July 1958. The District provides water service, recreational service, roads and easement maintenance, and fire protection for a population approximating 550 in an area of 820 square acres in Muir Beach of Marin County. Revenues are derived principally from property taxes and water service charges collected from commercial and residential users within the District.

The District is governed by a five person Board of Directors (the Board) elected for four-year terms. The District's legal authority and responsibilities are contained in the California Government Code sections 61000-61850 under the "Community Services District Law."

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The accompanying policies of the District conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and are applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

A. Basis of Presentation

The District's basic financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the U.S.A.

These standards require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall District.

These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs; (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program; and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u>: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental* and *proprietary* are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (continued)

B. Major Funds

GASB Statement No. 34 defines major funds and requires that the District's major governmental and business-type funds be identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called non-major funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/ expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The District reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is used for all the general revenues of the District not specifically levied or collected for other District funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit that are not accounted for in another fund.

Water Fund: This fund is used to account for the activities related to providing water service within the District.

C. Basis of Accounting

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when "measurable" and "available". The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Water Enterprise Fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis. Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water Fund are charges to customers for water provided. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, certain other intergovernmental revenues, certain charges for services and interest revenue.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTE 2 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u> (concluded)

C. Basis of Accounting (concluded)

The District may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The District's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all investments with a maturity of three months or less are considered cash equivalents. The District's deposits in the County of Marin pool are, in substance, demand deposits and are therefore considered cash equivalents.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District annually adopts a budget for its General Fund using the modified accrual basis. Expenditures are controlled at the object (line item) level. Any amendments or transfers of appropriations must be approved by the Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. The Board made no supplemental appropriations during the year.

E. Property Taxes

Property Taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed values as of the prior March 1. The County of Marin's property tax calendar is as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Valuation dates	March 1	March 1
Lien/levy dates	March 1	March 1
First installment due date	50% on November 1	July 1 (total due)
Delinquent as of	December 10	August 31
Second installment due date	50% on February 1	
Delinquent as of	April 10	

F. Contingent Liabilities

The District is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the District's legal counsel there is no pending litigation that is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the District.

G. Use of Estimates

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, and as such, include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management with consideration given to materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 3 - <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS</u>

Cash and investments at June 30, 2009 consisted of the following:

Pooled cash at County of Marin	\$ 968
Demand deposit accounts	 1,029,083
1	\$ 1,030,051

Authorized Investments:

Under provision of the District's Investment Policy, and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the District may invest in the following types of investments:

Securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies; time certificates of deposit; County of Marin Cash and Investment Pool; and California Local Agency Investment Fund deposits. The District's investment policy is consistent with the County of Marin's investment policy.

County of Marin Investment Pool:

The District maintains specific cash deposits with the County of Marin (the County) and involuntarily participates in the external investment pool of the County. The balance deposited and invested with the County at June 30, 2009 was \$968. The County is restricted by state code in the types of investments it can make. Furthermore, the County Treasurer has a written investment policy, approved by the Board of Supervisors, which is more restrictive than state code as to terms of maturity and type of investment. Also, the County has an investment committee, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, its agencies and instrumentalities, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's investment pool. At June 30, 2009, the District's cash with the County Treasurer is stated at fair value. However, the value of the pool shares in the County that may be withdrawn is determined on an amortized cost basis, which is different than the fair value of the District's position in the pool.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The California Government Code establishes guidelines for qualification and participation by banks and savings and loan associations, procedures for the administration of the collateral requirements and characteristics of eligible collateral. Under the law, the District deposits in qualified public depositories are to be totally insured. The market value of pledged securities used for collateral must equal at least 110% of the District's deposits. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of at least 150% of the District's total deposits.

NOTE 4 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. It is the policy of the District to capitalize all land, structures and improvements in excess of \$5,000 and equipment in excess of \$700.

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that all capital assets with limited useful lives be depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, the "modified approach" may be used for certain capital assets. Depreciation is not provided under this approach, but all expenditures on these assets are expensed, unless they are additions or improvements.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's prorata share of the cost of capital assets. Depreciation expense for the current year ended was \$16,498 for the Water Fund and \$8,873 for Governmental Activities.

Depreciation is provided using the straight line method, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The District has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Buildings	30-50 years
Improvements	10-20 years
Equipment	5-40 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years

An analysis of fixed assets at June 30, 2009, is as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/08	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/09
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 74,673	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 74 , 673
Total capital assets,				
not being depreciated	74,673			<u>74,673</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	277,962	123,500	-	401,462
Office furniture and equipment	133,072	6,000		139,072
Total capital assets, being depreciated	411,034	129,500		540,534
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(211,498)	(5,976)	_	(217,474)
Office furniture and equipment	(105,409)	(2,897)	<u>_</u>	(108,306)
Total accumulated depreciation	(316,907)	(8,873)	_	(325,780)
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	94,127	120,627		214,754
Capital assets – net	<u>\$ 168,800</u>	<u>\$ 120,627</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 289,427</u>

NOTE 4 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> (concluded)

Business-type Activities	Balance 6/30/08	Increase	Decrease	Balance 6/30/09	
Capital assets, being depreciated:	ф <u>гоз</u> гег	ф 1F 200	dt.	¢ (07.025	
Office furniture and equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$ 592,555 592,555	\$ 15,380 15,380	<u> -</u>	\$ 607,935 607,935	
Less accumulated depreciation for: Office furniture and equipment Total accumulated depreciation	(358,632) (358,632)	(16,498) (16,498)		(375,130) (375,130)	
Total capital assets being depreciated – net	233,923	(1,118)	_	232,805	
Capital assets – net	<u>\$ 233,923</u>	<u>\$ (1,118)</u>	\$	<u>\$ 232,805</u>	

NOTE 5 - <u>INTERFUND ACTIVITY</u>

As of June 30, 2009, \$21,003 was due to the General Fund from the Water Fund as a result of payment of water expenses by the General Fund. There are no repayment terms nor interest on these interfold balances.

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District purchases insurance coverage for property and liability, fire and rescue operations, and automobile risks. Coverage includes real and personal property, bodily injury, wrongful acts, employment practices, theft, employee dishonesty and terrorist acts. Coverage excludes earthquake and flood damage. The District's deductibles are up to \$2,500 per occurrence and annual coverage limits vary from \$10,000 to \$3,000,000, depending on type of claim.

NOTE 7 - NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

GASB Statement No. 34 added the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

A. Net Position

The Statement of Net Position breaks out net position as follows: Restricted describes the portion of Net Position that is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions that the District cannot unilaterally alter.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position that is not restricted from use.

Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt, describes the portion of Net Position that is represented by the current net book value of the District's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

NOTE 7 - <u>NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE</u> (concluded)

B. Fund Equity

The accompanying financial statements reflect certain changes that have been made with respect to the reporting of the components of fund balances for governmental funds. In previous years, fund balances for governmental funds were reported in accordance with previous standards that included components for reserved fund balance, unreserved fund balance, designated fund balance, and undesignated fund balance. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54, the components of the fund balances of governmental funds now reflect the component classifications described below. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balances are reported in the following classifications:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid items or supplies inventories, or that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as principal endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> fund balance includes amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by outside parties (i.e., creditors, grantors, contributors) or that are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> fund balance includes amounts whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself, as determined by a formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors serves as the District's highest level of decision-making authority and has the authority to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment via minutes action.

<u>Assigned</u> fund balance includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, subject to change, as established either directly by the Board of Directors or by management officials to whom assignment authority has been delegated by the Board of Directors.

<u>Unassigned</u> fund balance is the residual classification that includes spendable amounts in the General Fund that are available for any purpose.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) fund balances are available, the District's policy specifies that restricted revenues will be applied first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The prior period adjustment was to correct an operating cost allocation error between the general and water fund of the District of \$70,834 that was reported in the previously issued basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009. The prior period adjustment also includes changes to the present period since the report has been originally issued. Changes to the operating expense account classifications are as follows:

NOTE 8 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (concluded)

	Originally Reported Revised			Difference		
Operating expenses:	·					
Salaries and benefits	\$	92,294	\$	38,323	\$	53,971
Utilities		10,977		6,333		4,644
Audit fees		-		7,614		(7,614)
Treatment and testing		56,738		36,905		19,833
Depreciation		25,565		16,498		9,067
Total operating expenses	\$	185,574	\$	105,673	\$	79,901

Muir Beach Community Services District <u>STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND</u> <u>CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL</u>

General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Unaudited)

		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with hal Budget
Revenue:						
Property taxes	\$	123,000	\$ 123,000	\$	166,119	\$ 43,119
Intergovernmental		65,400	65,400		174,144	108,744
Charges for service- recreation		16,800	16,800		17,129	329
Interest and other		10,000	10,000		14,391	 4,391
Total revenue		215,200	 215,200		371,783	 156,583
Expenditures:						
General government		153,558	153,558		52,021	101,537
Recreation		66,000	66,000		2,490	63,510
FEMA		57,000	 57,000		191,634	 (134,634)
Total expenditures		276,558	 276,558		246,145	 30,413
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over (under) expenditures	\$	(61,358)	\$ (61,358)		125,638	\$ 186,996
Fund balance, beginning of period					435,647	
Prior period adjustment					(70,834)	
Fund balance, beginning of period resta	ted			_	364,813	
Fund balance, end of period				\$	490,451	